

T018 (EN ISO/IEC 17025) 1006 (EN 45004, Annex A)

Determination of surface flammability of LTC silicone rubber seal T1038

Test method: IMO FTPC Part 5 Test for surface flammability (IMO Resolution MSC.61(67) Part 5) Test procedure IMO Resolution A.653(16)

Requested by: FP FinnProfiles Oy





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FIN-91100 Ii Finland

Order

18 November 2003, Henrik Ahlgren

Testing Laboratory

VTT TECHNICAL RECEARCH CENTRE OF FINLAND

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Task

Determination of surface flammability of a silicone

rubber seal

The product tested

LTC silicone rubber seal T1038

Colour: black

The product is described in greater detail in Appendix 3.

Samples of the product will be stored for reference by VTT until 30 November

2004.

Manufacturer

FP FinnProfiles Oy, Iilaakso, FIN-91100 Ii.

Date of supply

18 November 2003

Date of test

28 November 2003

Test specimens

The test specimens measuring 155 mm x 800 mm were made by attaching one profile (17 mm x 17 mm) mechanically and centrally on a 19 mm thick non-

combustible Monolux board (800 mm x 155 mm) with a density of

 768 kg/m^3 .

The measured mass of the profile was about 145 g/m.

The test specimens were conditioned to constant moisture content at a

temperature of 23 \pm 2 °C and a relative humidity of 50 \pm 10 %.

Test method

IMO FTPC Part 5 - Test for Surface Flammability

(IMO Resolution MSC.61(67) Part 5)

Test procedure IMO Resolution A.653(16).

Description of the test method and requirements are given in Appendix 2.



Test details

Three specimens were tested.

A pilot flame with acetylene gas and air was used.

Test results

The following table gives the times to reach different positions and the maximum distance of flame spread on the centreline of the test specimen:

Distance from the hot end of the test specimen	Test 1 Time (s)	Test 2 Time (s)	Test 3 Time (s)
Ignition	no ignition	388	369
100 mm		388	369
150 mm		388	390
200 mm		625	534
250 mm			822
·			
Maximum distance	-	230 mm	260 mm
End of test	at 600 s	at 1085 s	at 1123 s

Other observations: No material fell down during the tests.



The measured heat for ignition and heat for sustained burning (Q_{sb}) values are presented in the following table.

D (mm)	Test 1 Q _{sb} MJ/m ²	Test 2 Q _{sb} MJ/m ²	Test 3 Q _{sb} MJ/m ²	Mean Q_{sb} MJ/m ²
150 200	**	18,04 * 26,06	18,14 * 22,27	
Average heat for sustained burning when D ≤ 400 mm	> 30,3	22,05	20,21	> 24,19

D = Distance from the hot end of the test specimen.

^{* =} Heat for ignition values are the values at the 150 mm position.

^{** =} Heat for ignition and heat for sustaining burning (Q_{sb}) could not be determined because the specimen did not ignite and the flame front did not spread at all over the surface of the specimen.



All the fire characteristics of the tested material are presented in the following table:

	CFE kW/m²	Q _{sb} MJ/m ²	Q _t MJ	Q _p kW
Test 1	> 50,5	> 30,3	0,01	0,23
Test 2	38,8	22,05	0,17	0,48
Test 3	35,6	20,21	0,19	0,63
Mean	> 41,6	> 24,2	0,12	0,4
Criteria for bulkhead, wall and ceiling linings according to IMO FTPC Part 5	≥ 20,0	²≥ 1,5	≤ 0,7	≤ 4,0
Classification as a bulkhead, wall and ceiling lining according to IMO FTPC Part 5	pass	pass	pass	pass

Rate of heat release in tests 1...3 is presented in Appendix 1.

CFE = critical flux at extinguishment

 Q_{sb} = heat for sustained burning

 Q_t = total heat release

 Q_p = peak heat release rate



Classification

The tested LTC silicone rubber seal T1038 tested as a stripe (17 mm x 17 mm) may be regarded as a material with

low flame spread for bulkhead, wall and ceiling linings

according to IMO FTPC Part 5 (IMO Resolution MSC.61(67) Part 5).

Approval of the product may be obtained only on application to the appropriate Administration.

Note

According to the standard: "the results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of a product under the particular conditions of the test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use."

Espoo 8 December 2003

Jarmo Ruohomäki

Senior Research Scientist

Jussi Rautiainen
Building Engineer

Appendices

1 Rate of heat release results

2 Method description and requirements

3 Description of the profile

Distribution

Customer

Original

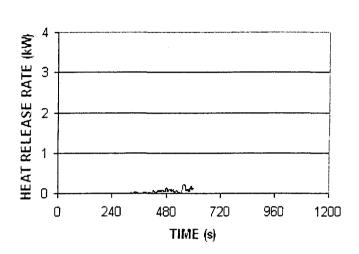
VTT

Original

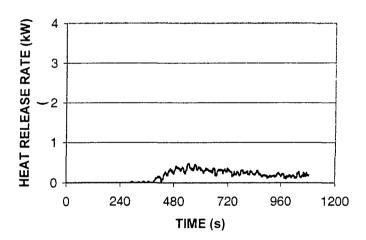
2-RTE1/JR



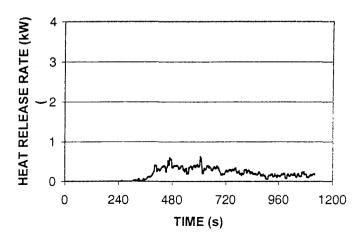
TEST 1



TEST 2



TEST 3





Appendix 2

SPREAD OF FLAME

Description of the method IMO FTPC Part 5 - Test for surface flammability (IMO Resolution MSC.61(67) Part 5, test procedure IMO Resolution A.653(16).

Specimens

Size: 155^{+0}_{-5} mm x 800^{+0}_{-5} mm. Amount: 10 pcs.

Materials and composites of normal thickness 50 mm or less are attached, by means of an adhesive if appropriate, to the substrate to which they will be attached in practice. Over 50 mm thick specimens shall be reduced to the thickness of 50^{+3}_{-0} mm by cutting away the unexposed face.

Before test the specimens should be conditioned to constant moisture content at a temperature of 23 ± 2 °C and a relative humidity of 50 ± 10 %.

Test procedure

The specimen is inserted to the test apparatus in a vertical position so that its longer side is horizontal. The specimen is exposed to an exact defined heat radiation caused by burning the mixture of methane gas and air in a radiation panel. The highest intensity of heat radiation at the nearest end of the specimen is 50,5 kW/m² and it decreases from this value towards the other end according to a defined curve. During the test the time of ignition, spread of flame, extinguishment of flame and heat for sustained burning are measured.

Criteria

Materials giving average values for all the surface flammability criteria not exceeding those listed below, are considered to meet the requirement for low flame spread.

T 11 1 1	11	, .	7.	*
Bulkhead,	MALL O	and cer	ling	lininge.
Duinicau.	wanc	mu cci	11112	mmes.

Floor coverings:

 $CFE \ge 20.0 \text{ kW/m}^2$

 $CFE \ge 7.0 \text{ kW/m}^2$

 $O_{sh} \geq 1.5 \text{ MJ/m}^2$

 $Q_{sb} \ge 0.25 \text{ MJ/m}^2$

 $Q_t \leq 0.7 \text{ MJ}$

 $Q_t \leq 2.0 \text{ MJ}$

 $Q_p \leq 4.0 \text{ kW}$

 $Q_p \leq 10.0 \text{ kW}$

where

CFE = critical flux at extinguishment

 Q_{sb} = heat for sustained burning

 Q_t = total heat release

 Q_{D} = peak heat release rate

